

## **BCA- 236 COMPUTER-ORIENTED NUMERICAL METHODS**

**Maximum Marks: 100  
hours**

**Time: 3**

**Minimum Pass Marks: 35**

**Note:** Examiner will be required to set Nine Questions in all. First Question will be compulsory, consisting of objective type/short-answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. In addition to that eight more questions will be set, two questions from each Unit. A candidate will be required to answer five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit in addition to compulsory Question No. 1. All questions will carry equal marks.

### **UNIT-I**

Computer Arithmetic: Floating-point representation of numbers, arithmetic operations with normalized floating-point numbers and their consequences, significant figures.

Error in number representation-inherent error, truncation, absolute, relative, percentage and round-off error.

Iterative Methods: Bisection, False position, Newton-Raphson method. Iteration method, discussion of convergence, Bairstow's method.

### **UNIT-II**

Solution of simultaneous linear equations and ordinary differential equations: Gauss-Elimination methods, pivoting, Ill-conditioned equations, refinement of solution. Gauss-Seidal iterative method, Euler method, Euler modified method, Taylor-series method, Runge-Kutta methods, Predictor-Corrector methods.

### **UNIT-III**

Interpolation and Approximation:

Polynomial interpolation: Newton, Lagranges, Difference tables, Approximation of functions by Taylor Series.

Chebyshev polynomial: First kind, Second kind and their relations, Orthogonal properties.

### **UNIT-IV**

Numerical Differentiation and integration: Differentiation formulae based on polynomial fit, pitfalls in differentiation, Trapezoidal & Simpson Rules, Gaussian Quadrature.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. V. Rajaraman, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Prentice Hall, India.
2. S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis.
3. M. K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar & R. K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation.
4. H. C. Saxena, Finite Differences and Numerical Analysis.